

## Principles of Physics: Problem Set #7

**Rotational Motion and Angular Momentum**

$$\text{for circular motion: } \theta = \frac{s}{r} ; \omega = \frac{\Delta\theta}{\Delta t} = \frac{v}{r} ; \alpha = \frac{\Delta\omega}{\Delta t} = \frac{a_{\text{path}}}{r} ; a_{\text{center}} = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$\text{for } \alpha = \text{constant} : \omega = \omega_o + \alpha t, \theta = \theta_o + \omega_o t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2$$

$$\tau = rF = I\alpha ; L = I\omega ; L_{\text{tot}}^{\text{before}} = L_{\text{tot}}^{\text{after}} ; I_{\text{point}} = mr^2 ; I_{\text{disk}} = \frac{1}{2} MR^2$$

Due: Friday Oct. 12 in class

Note: Lab papers are due Mon, Oct. 8 ... (double spaced, pdf format) email to me before midnight.

Reading assignment:

- for Mon, Ch 4 (pp 77-80) [Rotational motion and torque]  
 for Wed, Ch 4 (pp 79-81) [Conservation of angular momentum]  
 for Fri, Ch 5 (pp 103-108) [Work and energy]

Problem assignment:

(WARNING - The problem naming/numbering scheme in the text is confusing, so ALWAYS double check whether a problem is guided review (**GR**), skill building (**SB**), **Synthesis**, etc.)

## CHAPTER 4

- SB-23** (pg 87 ... earth's rotation)  
**SB-25** (pg 87 ... conservation of angular momentum for an ice skater)  
**SB-28** (pg 88 ... torque and acceleration for an engine; given result in rad/s and rpm)  
**SB-31** (pg 88 ... mouse on a turntable)  
**SB-32** (pg 88 ... ball on a string)  
**SB-33** (pg 88 ... geosynchronous satellite orbit)  
**SB-35** (pg 88 ... angular quantities for a bicycle ride)
- MC-6,7** (pg 89 ... circular motion)